### PARTICIPATORY PLANTATION FORESTRY PROGRAMME (PFP 2)

PANDA MITI KIBIASHARA





QUARTER 2020–2021

**PROGRAMME ACHIEVEMENTS** 









### **OVERVIEW OF THE REPORT**

This report summarises programme achievements between 1 July and 30 September 2020.

More detailed information is available in the quarterly report July - September 2020 at: www.privateforestry.or.tz

CONTENT		
PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION		1
PFP 2 RESULTS CHAIN		2
PROGRAMME AREA		3
PROGRAMME ACHIEVEMEN	TS	4
STAKEHOLDER FAMILIARIS	ATION	5
BASELINE STUDIES		6
SEED ORCHARD DEVELOPM	MENT	7
IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIE	S	8
RESOURCES AND BUDGET		9

### PARTICIPATORY PLANTATION FORESTRY PROGRAMME (PFP 2)

PFP 2 is the second phase of Private Forestry Programme (PFP 1) that was established as a bilateral development cooperation project between the governments of Tanzania and Finland. It works to increase rural income by promoting the commercial management of smallholder plantations and wood-processing enterprises.

It is designed to run from 1 November 2019 to 31 October 2023

### **GOAL**

To promote sustainable and inclusive private forestry that contributes to Tanzania's economic growth and alleviates poverty.

To ensure that, the plantation forestry sector in Tanzania is all-inclusive, PFP 2 was formulated with a human rights-based approach (HRBA)

### INTENDED OUTCOME

A socially sensitive, environmentally sustainable, financially profitable private forestry sector, including tree growers, SMEs as well as their organisations and service providers, exist in the Southern Highlands of Tanzania.

In addition, the rights of vulnerable groups will be safe guarded and their participation in the forestry value chain supported.

### **RESULTS**

The programme focuses on two result areas:

- 1. Tree growers establish and manage plantations
- 2. SMEs establish and manage value-adding processing interprises



# 2 RESULTS CHAIN

# Output 1.1:

Private forestry organizations are strengthened

# Output 1.2:

Stakeholders' capacity in tree-growing has been strengthened

# Output 1.3:

Tree growers' access to forest financing increased and diversified

# Output 1.4:

People have increased capacity and resources to manage fires

Tree growers establish and manage plantations

Result area 1:

# Output 1.5:

Strengthened communication

# Output 1.6:

Institutionalization of private forestry

# Output 2.1:

Capacity of SMEs and their employees strengthened

# Output 2.2:

increased access of SMEs to financing

# Output 2.3:

forestry and wood processing value chain Improved recovery of raw materials and quality of wood products along the

# Output 2.4:

Improved communication and integration associations, enterprises and clients of forestry and wood industry

# Output 2.5:

Policy and partnership support

# environmentally sustainable,

A socially sensitive,

Outcome:

Overall objective:

inclusive private forestry that To promote sustainable and contributes to Tanzania's economic growth and alleviates poverty

their organisations and service

providers, exists in the Southern Highlands of

forestry sector, including tree

growers, SMEs as well as

financially profitable private

# Result area 2:

SMEs establish and manage processing enterprises

### **PROGRAMME AREA**

### PROGRAMME DISTRICTS

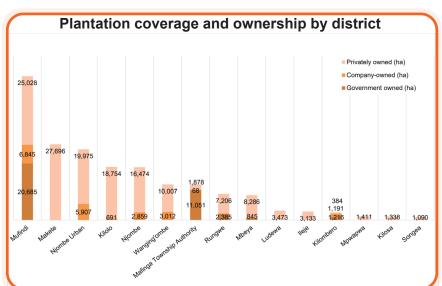
Nine districts of three regions: Iringa (Mufindi, Mafinga TC and Kilolo), Njombe (Makete, Njombe TC, Njombe DC, Ludewa, Wang'ing'ombe) and Ruvuma (Madaba).

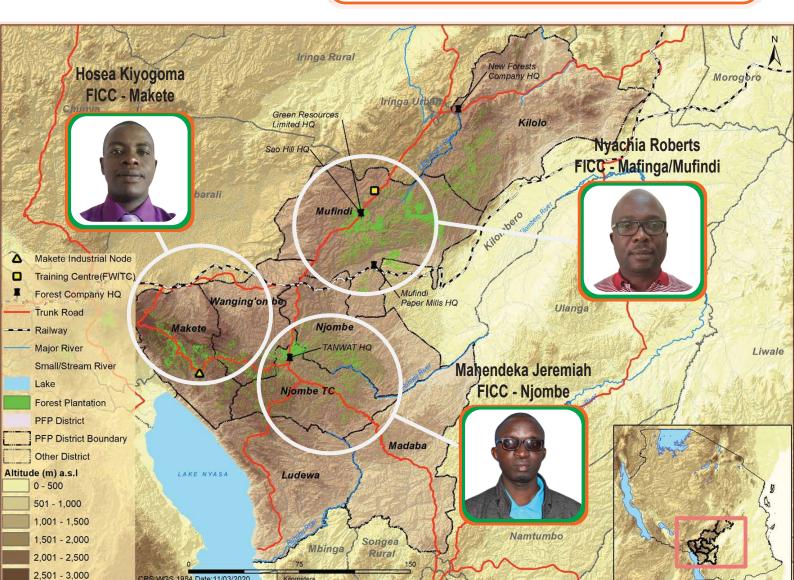
### POTENTIAL FOREST INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

The programme facilitates development of three potential Forest Industry Clusters, each led by a Forest Industry Cluster Coordinator.

For detailed information on the potential Forest Industry Clusters refer to:

http://www.privateforestry.or.tz/en/resources/view/invest-ment-opportunities-in-the-tanzanian-forest-industry





### PROGRAMME ACHIEVEMENTS



### STAKEHOLDER FAMILIARISATION

### STAFF MOBILISATION AND TRAINING

Most of the national staff who were selected in December 2019 were mobilised on 1 July 2020. All new staff were provided with a 2-month training to capacitate them in their assigned roles.



Staff were trained on Human Rights Based Approach (HRBA) to development in order to contribute to making PFP 2 a human right progressive programme.

Staff were trained on programme administration and occupational safety and health issues





Forestry extension officers and workers were trained on providing support to small-holder tree growers and their associations.





Wood industry extension officers and workers were trained on providing support to SMEs and their associations.

### STAKEHOLDER MEETINGS

The programme met with several stakeholders including: Njombe and Iringa regional governments, Njombe, Makete, Mafinga and Mufindi district officials, TTGAU, AF, TGAs, SMEs, academic and vocational institutions, SIDO........

### **SURVEY OBJECTIVES**

a) Provide an evidence base for PD revisonb) Guide programme implementation

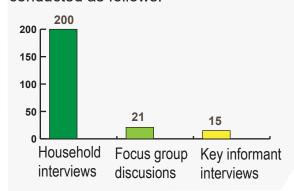
c) Provide baseline data for programme monitoring

Field work was started in 23 forest rich villages in Makete

### PRELIMINARY FINDINGS

#### **HRBA** situational assessment

By the reporting time, interviews had been conducted as follows:



### Participatory plantation mapping



During the reporting period, a total of 257 woodlots covering 470 ha were mapped

### **Woodlot assessment**

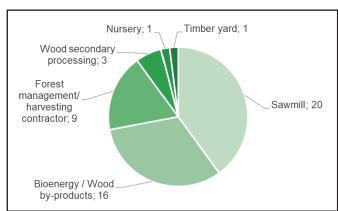
During the reporting period, 121 woodlots in six out of the 23 villages were assessed.



Early findings suggested overstocking was a major issue in Makete.

### SMEs assessment

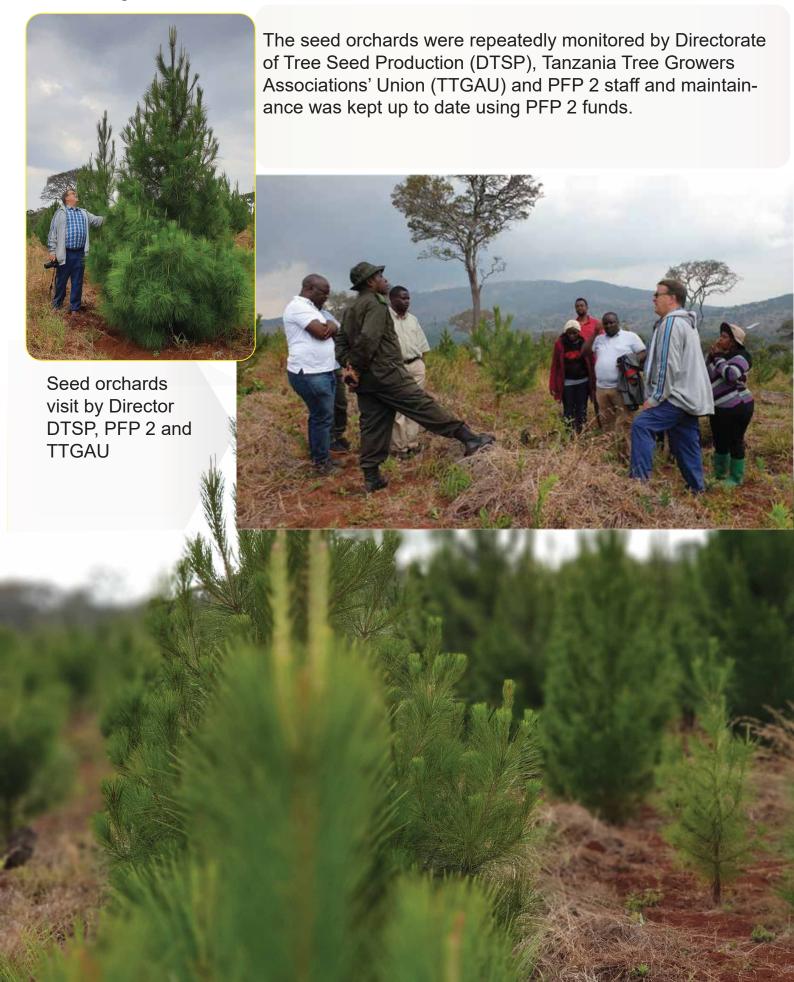
40 SMEs with 50 forestry related functions in six villages were assessed



### Market systems study

Plans were made to assess Makete forest product market systems.

The programme continued to maintain PFP 1 seed orchards in order to develop a Tanzanian supply of highly improved commercial tree seeds for both small and large scale tree growers.



The overall budget for the reporting period was EUR 1,063,223, whilst the actual expenditure was EUR 511,250. The deviation was caused by delays in procurement.

